

CS-Rickart modules

Abyzov A., Nhan T.

Kazan Federal University, 420008, Kremlevskaya 18, Kazan, Russia

Abstract

© 2014, Pleiades Publishing, Ltd. In this paper, we introduce and study the concept of CS-Rickart modules, that is a module analogue of the concept of ACS rings. A ring R is called a right weakly semihereditary ring if every its finitely generated right ideal is of the form $P \oplus S$, where P is a projective module and S is a singular module. We describe the ring R over which $\text{Mat}_n(R)$ is a right ACS ring for any $n \in \mathbb{N}$. We show that every finitely generated projective right R -module will to be a CS-Rickart module, is precisely when R is a right weakly semihereditary ring. Also, we prove that if R is a right weakly semihereditary ring, then every finitely generated submodule of a projective right R -module has the form $P_1 \oplus \dots \oplus P_n \oplus S$, where every P_1, \dots, P_n is a projective module which is isomorphic to a submodule of R , and S is a singular module. As corollaries we obtain some well-known properties of Rickart modules and semihereditary rings.

<http://dx.doi.org/10.1134/S199508021404009X>

Keywords

ACS rings, CS-Rickart modules, Rickart modules, semihereditary rings